

DEFENSE INFORMATION SYSTEMS AGENCY

P. O. BOX 549 FORT MEADE, MARYLAND 20755-0549

N REPLY REFER TO: Joint Interoperability Test Command (JTE)

14 Jan 13

MEMORANDUM FOR DISTRIBUTION

SUBJECT: Joint Interoperability Certification of the Brocade NetIron Carrier Ethernet Router (CER)/Carrier Ethernet Switch (CES) Series Release 5.4.0

References: (a) DoD Directive 4630.05, "Interoperability and Supportability of Information Technology (IT) and National Security Systems (NSS)," 5 May 2004

- (b) Department of Defense Instruction 8100.04, "DoD Unified Capabilities (UC)," 9 December 2010
- (c) through (e), see Enclosure 1
- 1. References (a) and (b) establish Defense Information Systems Agency (DISA), Joint Interoperability Test Command (JITC), as the responsible organization for interoperability test certification.
- 2. The Brocade NetIron NI-CER-2048 Release 5.4.0 is hereinafter referred to as the System Under Test (SUT). The SUT meets all of its critical interoperability requirements and is certified for joint use within the Defense Information Systems Network (DISN) as an Assured Services Local Area Network (ASLAN) Core and Distribution switch only in a dual stacked configuration and as a Layer 2/Layer 3 Access switch in either a stacked or single component configuration. The SUT is certified as interoperable for joint use with other ASLAN components listed on the Unified Capabilities (UC) Approved Product List (APL) with the following interfaces: 100/1000Base SX/LX, 100BaseFX, 10GbaseX, and 10/100/1000BaseT. JITC tested all these interfaces with the exception of the 10BaseT interface. JITC analysis determined the 10BaseT interface is low risk for certification based on the vendor's Letter of Compliance (LoC) to comply with the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc. (IEEE) 802.3i standard and the testing data collected at all other data rates. The NetIron CER/CES product series listed in Table 1 employs the same software and similar hardware as the SUT. JITC analysis determined these products to be functionally identical to the SUT for interoperability certification purposes and therefore, they are also certified for joint use. The SUT meets the critical interoperability requirements set forth in Reference (c), using test procedures derived from Reference (d).

The SUT is certified to support Assured Services within an ASLAN. If a component meets the minimum requirements for deployment in an ASLAN, it also meets the lesser requirements for deployment in a non-ASLAN. Non-ASLANs are "commercial grade" and provide support to Command and Control (C2) (ROUTINE only calls) (C2(R)) or non-C2 voice subscribers. When deployed in a non-ASLAN, the SUT may also be used to receive all levels of precedence, but is limited to supporting calls that are originated at ROUTINE precedence only. Non-ASLANs do

not meet the availability or redundancy requirements for C2 or Special C2 users and therefore are not authorized to support precedence calls originated above ROUTINE.

No other configurations, features, or functions, except those cited within this document, are certified by JITC. This certification expires upon changes that could affect interoperability, but no later than three years from the date of this memorandum.

- 3. This finding is based on interoperability testing conducted by JITC, review of the vendor's LoC, and DISA Certifying Authority (CA) Recommendation. Interoperability testing was conducted by JITC, Fort Huachuca, Arizona, from 29 October through 9 November 2012. Review of the vendor's LoC was completed on 29 October 2012. The DISA CA provided a positive Recommendation on 14 January 2013 based on the security testing completed by DISA-led IA test teams and published in a separate report, Reference (e). Enclosure 2 documents the test results and describes the tested network and system configurations.
- 4. Table 1 provides a UC APL product summary. Table 2 provides the SUT interface interoperability status and Table 3 provides the Capability Requirements (CR) and Functional Requirements (FR) status. The threshold CR/FRs for ASLAN components are established by Section 5.3.a of Reference (c) and were used to evaluate the interoperability of the SUT. Enclosure 3 provides a detailed list of the interface, capability, and functional requirements.

Table 1. UC APL Product Summary

Brocade NetIron NI-CER-2048, Brocade NetIron NI-CER-2024 Series, Brocade NetIron NI-CER-2048 Series, Brocade NetIron NI-CES-2024 Series, Brocade NetIron NI-CES-2024 Series, Brocade NetIron NI-CES-2024 Series, Brocade NetIron NI-CES-2048 Series Stacked configuration, Access in a stacked or single configuration		SUT (See note.)	Release	Function	Sub-component (See note.)
]	Brocade NetIron NI-CER-2024 Series, Brocade NetIron NI-CER-2048 Series, Brocade NetIron NI-CES-2024 Series,	5.4.0	stacked configuration, Access in a stacked or single	NI-CER-2024-2X10G

NOTE: Components bolded and underlined were tested by JITC. The other components in the family series were not tested; however, they utilize the same software and similar hardware and JITC analysis determined them to be functionally identical for interoperability certification purposes and they are also certified for joint use.

LEGEND:

Carrier Ethernet Switch

CES

APL Approved Products List JITC Joint Interoperability Test Command

CER Carrier Ethernet Router UC Unified Capabilities

Table 2. SUT Interface Interoperability Status

Interface	Applicability		ility	UCR 2008, Change 3	Threshold	Status	Remarks	
Interrace	Co	D	A	Reference	CR/FR ¹	Status	Kemarks	
Serial	С	С	С	5.3.1.3.9	1-4, 7	Certified	The SUT met the CRs and FRs with the following standard: EIA-232.	
10Base-X	С	С	\mathbb{C}^2	5.3.1.3.1	1-7	Certified ³	The SUT met CRs and FRs with the following IEEE standard: 802.3i (10BaseT).	
100Base-X	R	R	\mathbb{C}^2	5.3.1.3.1	1-7	Certified	The SUT met CRs and FRs with the following IEEE standard: 802.3u (100BaseT).	

Table 2. SUT Interface Interoperability Status

Interface	Applicability		e Applicability UCR 2008, Change 3 Threshold CR/FR ¹		Status	Remarks	
1000Base-X	R	R	\mathbb{C}^2	5.3.1.3.1	1-7	Certified	The SUT met CR and FRs with the following IEEE standards: 802.3ab (1000BaseT), 802.3z (1000Base-SX, 1000Base-LX).
10000Base-X	С	С	С	5.3.1.3.1	1-7	Certified	The SUT met CRs and FRs with the following IEEE standard: 802.3ae (10GBase-SR, 10GBase-LR).
Wireless	С	С	С	5.3.1.3.1/5.3.1.7.2	1-7	Not Tested ⁴	

NOTES:

- 1. The SUT high-level CR and FR ID numbers depicted in the Threshold CRs/FRs column can be cross-referenced in Table 3. These high-level CR/FR requirements refer to a detailed list of requirements provided in Enclosure 3.
- 2. Core and Distribution products must minimally support 100Base-X (802.3u) and 1000Base-X (802.3z). Access products must minimally support one of the following standards: 802.3i (10BaseT), 802.3j (10BaseT), 802.3u (100BaseT)F), 802.3z (1000BaseF), or 802.3ab (1000BaseT). Other rates and standards may be provided as conditional interfaces.
- 3. The 10BaseT interface was not tested, but was certified through analysis and the vendor's LoC. JITC analysis determined the 10BaseT interface is low risk for certification based on the vendor's LoC to the IEEE 802.3i and the testing data collected at all other data rates.
- 4. The SUT does not support this interface. This interface is not required for a core, distribution, or access switch.

LEGEND:

LEGERE	•		
802.3ab	1000BaseT Gbps Ethernet over twisted pair at 1 Gbps	EIA-232	Standard for defining the mechanical and electrical
	(125 Mbps)		characteristics for connecting Data Terminal Equipment
802.3ae	10 Gbps Ethernet		(DTE) and Data Circuit-terminating Equipment (DCE) data
802.3i	10BaseT Mbps over twisted pair		communications devices
802.3j	10 Mbps over fiber	FR	Functional Requirement
802.3u	Standard for carrier sense multiple access with	Gbps	Gigabits per second
	collision detection at 100 Mbps	ID	Identification
802.3z	Gigabit Ethernet Standard	IEEE	Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers
A	Access	JITC	Joint Interoperability Test Command
C	Conditional	LoC	Letters of Compliance
Co	Core	Mbps	Megabits per second
CR	Capability Requirement	R	Required
D	Distribution	SUT	System Under Test
EIA	Electronic Industries Alliance	UCR	Unified Capabilities Requirements

Table 3. SUT CRs and FR Status

CR/FR ID	Capability/Function	Applicability ¹	UCR Reference	Status ²
	General Performance Parameters			
	Performance Parameters	Required	5.3.1.3	Met
	Port Interface Rates	Required	5.3.1.3.1	Met
	Port Parameter Requirements	Required	5.3.1.3.2	Met
1	Class of Service Markings	Required	5.3.1.3.3	Met
1	VLAN Capabilities	Required	5.3.1.3.4	Met
	Protocols	Required	5.3.1.3.5	Met
	QoS Features	Required	5.3.1.3.6	Met
	Network Monitoring	Required	5.3.1.3.7	Met
	Security	Required	5.3.1.3.8	Met
	E2E Performance Requirements			
2	Voice Services	Required	5.3.1.4.1	Met ³
2	Video services	Required	5.3.1.4.2	Met ³
	Data services	Required	5.3.1.4.3	Met ³

Table 3. SUT CRs and FR Status (continued)

CR/FR ID	Capability/Function	Applicability ¹	UCR Reference	Status ²			
	NM Requirements						
	Configuration Control	Required	5.3.1.6.1	Met			
3	Operational Changes	Required	5.3.1.6.2	Met			
3	Performance Monitoring	Required	5.3.1.6.3	Met			
	Alarms	Required	5.3.1.6.4	Met			
	Reporting	Required	5.3.1.6.5	Met			
	Engineering Requirements						
	Physical Media	Required	5.3.1.7.1	Met ⁴			
4	Wireless	Conditional	5.3.1.7.2	Not Tested			
7	Traffic Engineering	Required	5.3.1.7.3	Met ⁴			
	Availability	Required	5.3.1.7.6	Met ⁴			
	Redundancy	Required	5.3.1.7.7	Met ^{3, 4}			
	MPLS						
5	MPLS Requirements	Conditional	5.3.1.8.4.1	Not Tested			
	MPLS VPN Augmentation to VLANs	Conditional	5.3.1.8.4.2	Not Tested			
6	IPv6 Requirements						
U	Product Requirements	Required	5.3.5.4	Met			
7	Information Assurance						
/	Information Assurance	Required	5.4	Met ⁵			

NOTES:

- 1. The annotation of 'required' refers to a high-level requirement category. The applicability of each sub-requirement is provided in Enclosure 3. The system under test does not need to provide conditional requirements. However, if a capability is provided, it must function according to the specified requirements in order to be certified for that capability.
- 2. The SUT must be configured in a dual stacked configuration to meet the requirements for core and distribution. The SUT may be configured in either a stacked or single-component configuration as a Layer 2/Layer 3 access switch.
- 3. This requirement was verified and met using simulated voice, video, and data traffic in an operational emulated environment to meet E2E requirements. The SUT must be deployed in accordance with deployment guide and engineering guidelines provided in UCR Change 3, paragraph 5.3.1.4.
- 4. This requirement was met with the following stipulations: It is the site's responsibility to configure the SUT in a manner which meets the engineering requirements listed in Section 11.2 d. of Enclosure 2 and that does not create a single point of failure which could impact more than 96 C2 users.
- 5. Security is tested by DISA-led Information Assurance test teams and the results published in a separate report, Reference (e).

LEGEND:

C2	Command and Control		
CR	Capability Requirement	NM	Network Management
DISA	Defense Information Systems Agency	POA&M	Plan of Action and Milestones
E2E	End-to-End	QoS	Quality of Service
FR	Functional Requirement	RFC	Request For Comment
IPSec	Internet Protocol Security	SUT	System Under Test
IPv6	Internet Protocol version 6	UCR	Unified Capabilities Requirements
LACP	Link Aggregation Control Protocol	VLAN	Virtual Local Area Network
MPLS	Multiprotocol Label Switching	VPN	Virtual Private Network
1			

5. No detailed test report was developed in accordance with the Program Manager's request. JITC distributes interoperability information via the JITC Electronic Report Distribution (ERD) system, which uses Unclassified-But-Sensitive Internet Protocol Router Network (NIPRNet) email. More comprehensive interoperability status information is available via the JITC System Tracking Program (STP). STP is accessible by .mil/gov users on the NIPRNet at https://stp.fhu.disa.mil. Test reports, lessons learned, and related testing documents and

references are on the JITC Joint Interoperability Tool (JIT) at http://jit.fhu.disa.mil (NIPRNet). Information related to DSN testing is on the Telecom Switched Services Interoperability (TSSI) website at http://jitc.fhu.disa.mil/tssi. Due to the sensitivity of the information, the Information Assurance Accreditation Package (IAAP) that contains the approved configuration and deployment guide must be requested directly through government civilian or uniformed military personnel from the Unified Capabilities Certification Office (UCCO), e-mail: disa.meade.ns.list.unified-capabilities-certification-office@mail.mil.

6. The JITC point of contact is Mr. Edward Mellon, DSN 879-5159, commercial (520) 538-5159, FAX DSN 879-4347, or e-mail to edward.a.mellon.civ@mail.mil. JITC's mailing address is P.O. Box 12798, Fort Huachuca, AZ 85670-2798. The UCCO Tracking Number for the SUT is 1223001.

FOR THE COMMANDER:

3 Enclosures a/s

for BRADLEY A. CLARK

J. T. Schulto

Acting Chief

Battlespace Communications Portfolio

Distribution (electronic mail):

DoD CIO

Joint Staff J-6, JCS

USD(AT&L)

ISG Secretariat, DISA, JTA

U.S. Strategic Command, J665

US Navy, OPNAV N2/N6FP12

US Army, DA-OSA, CIO/G-6 ASA(ALT), SAIS-IOQ

US Air Force, A3CNN/A6CNN

US Marine Corps, MARCORSYSCOM, SIAT, A&CE Division

US Coast Guard, CG-64

DISA/TEMC

DIA, Office of the Acquisition Executive

NSG Interoperability Assessment Team

DOT&E, Netcentric Systems and Naval Warfare

Medical Health Systems, JMIS IV&V

HQUSAISEC, AMSEL-IE-IS

UCCO

ADDITIONAL REFERENCES

- (c) Office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense, "Department of Defense Unified Capabilities Requirements 2008, Change 3," September 2011
- (d) Joint Interoperability Test Command, "Assured Services Local Area Network (ASLAN) Component Test Plan (UCTP)," November 2010
- (e) Joint Interoperability Test Command, "Information Assurance (IA) Assessment of Brocade NetIron Carrier Ethernet Router (CER)/Carrier Ethernet Switch (CES) Series (Rel.) 5.4.0 (Tracking Number 1223001)," Draft

CERTIFICATION TESTING SUMMARY

- **1. SYSTEM TITLE.** The Brocade NetIron Carrier Ethernet Router (CER)/Carrier Ethernet Switch (CES) Release 5.4.0; hereinafter referred to as the System Under Test (SUT).
- **2. SPONSOR.** Headquarters United States Army Information Systems Engineering Command (HQUSAISEC), Mr. Jordan R. Silk, USAISEC ELIE-ISE-ES, Building 53301, Fort Huachuca, Arizona 85613, e-mail: <u>jordan.r.silk.civ@mail.mil</u>.
- **3. SYSTEM POC.** Mr. Eric Creason, 130 Holger Way, San Jose, California 95134, e-mail: ecreason@brocade.com.
- 4. TESTER. Joint Interoperability Test Command (JITC), Fort Huachuca, Arizona.
- **5. SYSTEM DESCRIPTION.** The Brocade NetIron NI-CER-2048 was the system tested; however, the systems listed in Table 2-1 employ the same software and similar hardware as the SUT. JITC analysis determined these systems to be functionally identical to the SUT for interoperability certification purposes. The SUT is used to transport voice signaling and media as part of an overall voice, video, and data Voice over Internet Protocol (VoIP) system. The SUT provides availability, security, and Quality of Service (QoS) to meet the operational requirements of the network and Assured Services for the Warfighter. The SUT is certified for joint use as an Assured Services Local Area Network (ASLAN) Core and Distribution switch in a dual stacked configuration and as a Layer 2/Layer 3 Access switch in either a stacked or single component configuration. The SUT is interoperable for joint use with other ASLAN components listed on the Unified Capabilities (UC) Approved Products List (APL) with the following interfaces: 10000/1000Base SX/LX, and 10/100/1000BaseT. JITC tested all these interfaces with the exception of the 10BaseT interface. JITC analysis determined the 10BaseT interface is low risk for certification based on the vendor's Letter of Compliance (LoC) to comply with the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE) 802.3i standard and the testing data collected at all other data rates.

Table 2-1. UC APL Product Summary

SUT (See note.)	Sub-component
BROCADE NETIRON NI-CER-2048,	
Brocade Netlron NI-CER-2024 Series,	NI OFF COOL OVICE
Brocade NetIron NI-CER-2048 Series,	<u>NI-CER-2024-2X10G</u>
Brocade NetIron NI-CES-2024 Series,	
Brocade NetIron NI-CES-2048 Series	
	ted by JITC. The other components in the family series were not tested; ardware and JITC analysis determined them to be functionally identical for so certified for joint use.
LEGEND:	
APL Approved Products List	JITC Joint Interoperability Test Command
CER Carrier Ethernet Router	UC Unified Capabilities
CES Carrier Ethernet Switch	·

6. OPERATIONAL ARCHITECTURE. Figure 2-1 depicts an ASLAN notional operational architecture that the SUT may be used in. The SUT is certified to support Assured Services within an ASLAN. If a component meets the minimum requirements for deployment in an ASLAN, it also meets the lesser requirements for deployment in a non-ASLAN. Non-ASLANs are "commercial grade" and provide support to Command and Control (C2) (ROUTINE calls only) (C2(R)) or non-C2 voice subscribers. When deployed in a non-ASLAN, the SUT may also be used to receive all levels of precedence, but is limited to supporting calls that are originated at ROUTINE precedence only. Non-ASLANs do not meet the availability or redundancy requirements for C2 or Special C2 users and; therefore, are not authorized to support precedence calls originated above ROUTINE.

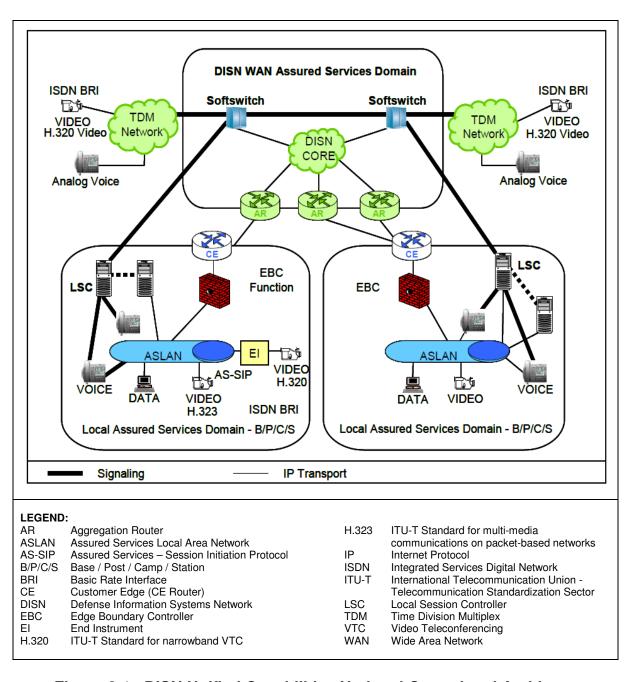


Figure 2-1. DISN Unified Capabilities Notional Operational Architecture

- **7. INTEROPERABILITY REQUIREMENTS.** The interface, Capability Requirements (CR) and Functional Requirements (FR), Information Assurance (IA), and other requirements for ASLAN infrastructure products are established by Section 5.3.1 of Reference (c).
- **7.1 Interfaces.** Table 2-2 depicts the physical ASLAN Product interfaces and the associated standards.

Table 2-2. ASLAN Products Interface Requirements

Interface	UCR Ref	Criteria ¹	Applicability		
interrace	och nei	Cinteria	Со	D	Α
Serial	5.3.1.3.9	Support minimum threshold CRs/FRs 1-4, 7 and meet interface criteria for applicable EIA/TIA standard.	С	С	С
10Base-X ²	5.3.1.3.1	Support minimum threshold CRs/FRs 1-7 and meet interface criteria for IEEE 802.3i or 802.3j.	С	С	С
100Base-X ²	5.3.1.3.1	Support minimum threshold CRs/FRs 1-7 and meet interface criteria for IEEE 802.3.u.	R	R	С
1000Base-X ²	5.3.1.3.1	Support minimum threshold CRs/FRs 1-7 and meet interface criteria for IEEE 802.3z, or 802.3ab.	R	R	С
10000Base-X ²	5.3.1.3.1	Support minimum threshold CRs/FRs 1-7 and meet interface criteria for IEEE 802.ae.	С	С	С
Wireless	5.3.1.3.1 and 5.3.1.7.2	Support minimum threshold CRs/FRs 1-7.	С	С	С

NOTES

LEGEND:

	•		
Α	Access	FR	Functional Requirement
ASLAN	Assured Services Local Area Network	ID	Identification
С	Conditional	IEEE	Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers
Co	Core	R	Required
CR	Capability Requirement	SUT	System Under Test
D	Distribution	UCR	Unified Capabilities Requirements
			·

7.2 CR and FR. Switches have required and conditional features and capabilities that are established by Section 5.3.1 of the Unified Capabilities Requirements (UCR). The SUT does not need to provide non-critical (conditional) requirements. If they are provided, they must function according to the specified requirements in order to be certified for that capability. The SUTs features and capabilities and its aggregated requirements in accordance with (IAW) the ASLAN requirements are listed in Table 2-3. Detailed CR/FR requirements are provided in Table 3-1 of Enclosure 3.

^{1.} The SUT high-level CR and FR ID numbers depicted in the Threshold CRs/FRs column can be cross-referenced in Table 2-2. These high-level CR/FR requirements refer to a detailed list of requirements provided in Enclosure 3.

^{2.} Core and Distribution products must minimally support 100Base-X (802.3u) and 1000Base-X (802.3z). Access products must minimally support one of the following standards: 802.3i (10BaseT), 802.3j (10BaseF), 802.3u (100BaseTX/FX), 802.3z (1000BaseX), or 802.3ab (1000BaseT). Other rates and standards may be provided as conditional interfaces.

Table 2-3. ASLAN CRs and FRs

CR/FR ID	Capability/Function	Applicability ¹	UCR Reference			
	General Performance Parameters					
	Performance Parameters	Required	5.3.1.3			
	Port Interface Rates	Required	5.3.1.3.1			
	Port Parameter Requirements	Required	5.3.1.3.2			
1	Class of Service Markings	Required	5.3.1.3.3			
•	VLAN Capabilities	Required	5.3.1.3.4			
	Protocols	Required	5.3.1.3.5			
	QoS Features	Required	5.3.1.3.6			
	Network Monitoring	Required	5.3.1.3.7			
	Security	Required	5.3.1.3.8 ²			
	E2E Performance Requirements					
2	Voice Services	Required	5.3.1.4.1			
2	Video services	Required	5.3.1.4.2			
	Data services	Required	5.3.1.4.3			
	NM Requirements					
	Configuration Control	Required	5.3.1.6.1			
3	Operational Changes	Required	5.3.1.6.2			
3	Performance Monitoring	Required	5.3.1.6.3			
	Alarms	Required	5.3.1.6.4			
	Reporting	Required	5.3.1.6.5			
	Engineering Requirements ³					
	Physical Media	Required	5.3.1.7.1			
4	Wireless	Conditional	5.3.1.7.2			
4	Traffic Engineering	Required	5.3.1.7.3			
	Availability	Required	5.3.1.7.6			
	Redundancy	Required	5.3.1.7.7			
	MPLS					
5	MPLS Requirements	Conditional	5.3.1.8.4.1			
	MPLS VPN Augmentation to VLANs	Conditional	5.3.1.8.4.2			
6	IPv6 Requirements					
0	Product Requirements	Required	5.3.5.4			
7	Information Assurance					
7	Information Assurance	Required	5.4			

NOTES:

- 1. The annotation of 'required' refers to a high-level requirement category. The applicability of each sub-requirement is provided in Enclosure 3. The SUT does not need to provide conditional requirements. However, if a capability is provided, it must function according to the specified requirements in order to be certified for that capability.
- Refers to IA requirements for UCR 2008, Change 3, Section 5.4. Detailed IA requirements are included in Reference (e).
 The engineering requirements include site requirements. The SUT must be deployed in accordance with deployment guide and engineering guidelines provided in UCR Change 3, paragraph 5.3.1.7.

CR	Capability Requirement	NM	Network Management	
E2E	End-to-End	QoS	Quality of Service	
FR	Functional Requirement	SUT	System Under Test	
IA	Information Assurance	UCR	Unified Capabilities Requirements	
ID	Identification	VLAN	Virtual Local Area Network	
IPv6	Internet Protocol version 6	VPN	Virtual Private Network	
MPLS	Multiprotocol Label Switching			

7.3 Information Assurance (IA). Table 2-4 details the IA requirements applicable to the ASLAN products.

Table 2-4. ASLAN Products IA Requirements

Requirement	Applicability (See note.)	UCR Reference	Criteria
General Requirements	Required	5.4.6.2	
Authentication	Required	5.4.6.2.1	
Integrity	Required	5.4.6.2.2	Detailed requirements and associated criteria for ASLAN products are listed in
Confidentiality	Required	5.4.6.2.3	Reference (c) Section 5.4.
Non-Repudiation	Required	5.4.6.2.4	(3) 333.31.31
Availability	Required	5.4.6.2.5	

NOTE: The annotation of 'required' refers to a high-level requirement category. Refers to IA requirements for UCR 2008, Change 3, Section 5.4.

LEGEND:

ASLAN Assured Services Local Area Network IATP IA Test Plan

A Information Assurance UCR Unified Capabilities Requirements

7.4 Other. None

8. TEST NETWORK DESCRIPTION. The SUT was tested at JITC in a manner and configuration similar to that of a notional operational environment. The UCR operational Defense Information Systems Network (DISN) Architecture is depicted in Figure 2-2, which depicts the relationship of the ASLAN and non-ASLAN to the DISN switch types. Testing the system's required functions and features was conducted using the test configurations depicted in Figure 2-3. Figure 2-3 depicts the ASLAN components in a heterogeneous configuration with Hewlett Packard ASLAN components.

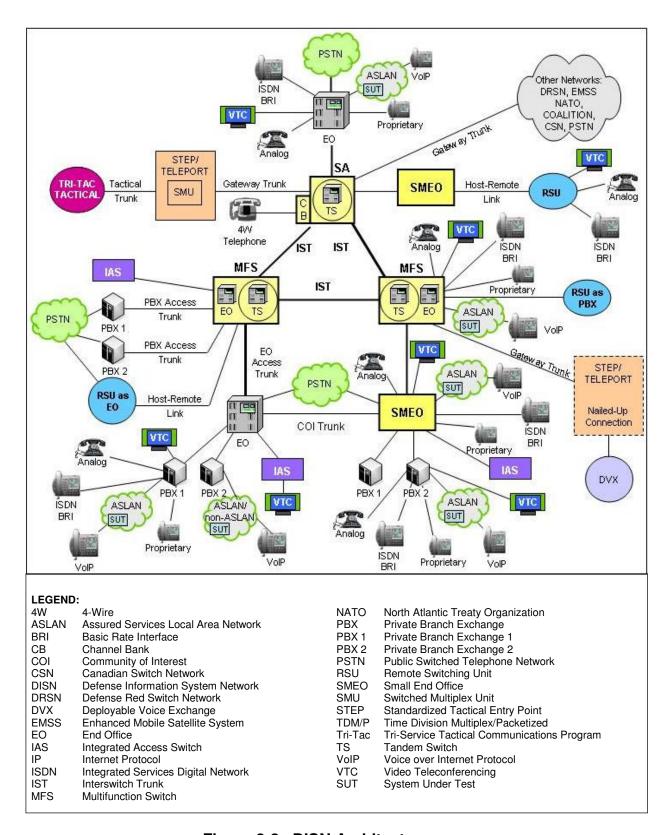


Figure 2-2. DISN Architecture

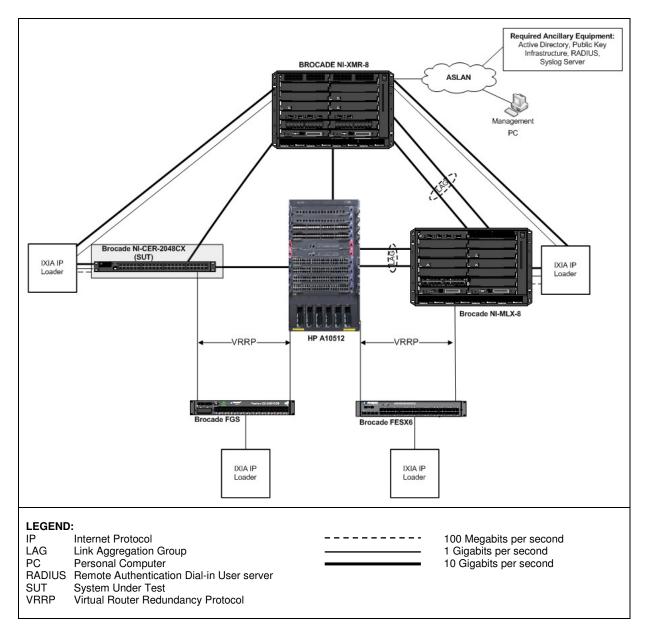


Figure 2-3. SUT Heterogeneous Test Configuration

9. SYSTEM CONFIGURATIONS. Table 2-5 provides the system configurations and hardware and software components tested with the SUT. The SUT was tested in an operationally realistic environment to determine its interoperability capability with associated network devices and network traffic.

Table 2-5. Tested System Configurations

System Nam	ie	Relea	se		
Hewlett-Packard A1	0512	5.20			
Brocade NetIron NI-X	KMR-8	5.4.0)		
Brocade NI-MLX	-8	5.4.0			
Brocade FGS648	3P	7.2.02	<u>2g</u>		
Brocade FESX624+2X0	G-PREM6		7.2.02	<u>9</u> 2g	
Required Equipment (S	ite-Provide	d)	Тур	<u> </u>	
Required Ancillary Equipment	Required Ancillary Equipment			ectory rastructure JS erver ement Workstation	
SUT (See note.)	Release	S	Sub-component (See note.)	Description	
Brocade NetIron NI-CER-2048CX-ADVPREM, Brocade NetIron NI-CER-2024 Series, Brocade NetIron NI-CER-2048 Series, Brocade NetIron NI-CES-2024 Series, Brocade NetIron NI-CES-2048 Series	5.4.0	NI-CER-2024-2X10G		One rack-unit high stackable switch	
NOTE: Components bolded and underlined were tested by JITC. The other components in the family series were not tested; however, they utilize the same software and similar hardware and JITC analysis determined them to be functionally identical for interoperability certification purposes and they are also certified for joint use. LEGEND: CER Carrier Ethernet Router RADIUS Remote Authentication Dial In User Service CES Carrier Ethernet Switch SUT System Under Test JITC Joint Interoperability Test Command					

10. TESTING LIMITATIONS. None

- 11. INTEROPERABILITY EVALUATION RESULTS. The SUT meets the critical interoperability requirements for a Core and Distribution switch in a stacked configuration and as a Layer 2/Layer 3 Access switch in either a stacked or single component configuration in accordance with UCR 2008, Change 3, Section 5.3.1, and is certified for joint use with other network infrastructure products listed on the UC APL. Additional discussion regarding specific testing results is located in subsequent paragraphs.
- **11.1 Interfaces.** The interface status of the SUT is provided in Table 2-6.

Table 2-6. SUT Interface Requirements Status

	App	licab	ility	UCR 2008,	Threshold		
Interface	Со	D	Α	Change 3 Reference	CR/FR ¹	Status	Remarks
Serial	С	С	С	5.3.1.3.9	1-4, 7	Certified	The SUT met the CRs and FRs with the following standard: EIA-232.
10Base-X	С	С	C ²	5.3.1.3.1	1-7	Certified ³	The SUT met CRs and FRs with the following IEEE standard: 802.3i (10BaseT).
100Base-X	R	R	C ²	5.3.1.3.1	1-7	Certified	The SUT met CRs and FRs with the following IEEE standard: 802.3u (100BaseT).
1000Base-X	R	R	C ²	5.3.1.3.1	1-7	Certified	The SUT met CR and FRs with the following IEEE standards: 802.3ab (1000BaseT), 802.3z (1000Base-SX, 1000Base-LX).
10000Base-X	С	С	O	5.3.1.3.1	1-7	Certified	The SUT met CRs and FRs with the following IEEE standard: 802.3ae (10GBase- SR, 10GBase-LR).
Wireless	С	С	С	5.3.1.3.1/5.3.1.7.2	1-7	Not Tested ⁴	

NOTES

- 1. The SUT high-level CR and FR ID numbers depicted in the Threshold CRs/FRs column can be cross-referenced in Table 2-7. These high-level CR/FR requirements refer to a detailed list of requirements provided in Enclosure 3.
- 2. Core and Distribution products must minimally support 100Base-X (802.3u) and 1000Base-X (802.3z). Access products must minimally support one of the following standards: 802.3i (10BaseT), 802.3j (10BaseF), 802.3u (100BaseT/F), 802.3z (1000BaseF), or 802.3ab (1000BaseT). Other rates and standards may be provided as conditional interfaces.
- 3. The 10BaseT interface was not tested, but was certified through analysis and the vendor's LoC. JITC analysis determined the 10BaseT interface is low risk for certification based on the vendor's LoC to the IEEE 802.3i and the testing data collected at all other data rates.
- 4. The SUT does not support this interface. This interface is not required for a core, distribution, or access switch.

LEGEND:

ı	LEGEND	•		
	802.3ab	1000BaseT Gbps Ethernet over twisted pair at 1 Gbps (125 Mbps)	EIA-232	Standard for defining the mechanical and electrical characteristics for connecting Data Terminal
ı	802.3ae	10 Gbps Ethernet		Equipment (DTE) and Data Circuit-terminating
ı	802.3i	10BaseT Mbps over twisted pair		Equipment (DCE) data communications devices
	802.3j	10 Mbps over fiber	FR	Functional Requirement
	802.3u	Standard for carrier sense multiple access with	Gbps	Gigabits per second
		collision detection at 100 Mbps	ID	Identification
	802.3z	Gigabit Ethernet Standard	IEEE	Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers
ı	Α	Access	JITC	Joint Interoperability Test Command
	С	Conditional	LoC	Letter of Compliance
ı	Co	Core	Mbps	Megabits per second
	CR	Capability Requirement	R	Required
	D	Distribution	SUT	System Under Test
	EIA	Electronic Industries Alliance	UCR	Unified Capabilities Requirements

11.2 CR and FR. The SUT CR and FR status is depicted in Table 2-7. Detailed CR/FR requirements are provided in Enclosure 3, Table 3-1.

Table 2-7. SUT CRs and FRs Status

CR/FR ID	Capability/Function	Applicability ¹	UCR Reference	Status ²		
	General Performance Parameters					
	Performance Parameters	Required	5.3.1.3	Met		
	Port Interface Rates	Required	5.3.1.3.1	Met		
	Port Parameter Requirements	Required	5.3.1.3.2	Met		
1	Class of Service Markings	Required	5.3.1.3.3	Met		
•	VLAN Capabilities	Required	5.3.1.3.4	Met		
	Protocols	Required	5.3.1.3.5	Met		
	QoS Features	Required	5.3.1.3.6	Met		
	Network Monitoring	Required	5.3.1.3.7	Met		
	Security	Required	5.3.1.3.8	Met		
	E2E Performance Requirements					
2	Voice Services	Required	5.3.1.4.1	Met ³		
	Video services	Required	5.3.1.4.2	Met ³		
	Data services	Required	5.3.1.4.3	Met ³		
	NM Requirements					
	Configuration Control	Required	5.3.1.6.1	Met		
3	Operational Changes	Required	5.3.1.6.2	Met		
3	Performance Monitoring	Required	5.3.1.6.3	Met		
	Alarms	Required	5.3.1.6.4	Met		
	Reporting	Required	5.3.1.6.5	Met		
	Engineering Requirements					
	Physical Media	Required	5.3.1.7.1	Met ⁴		
4	Wireless	Conditional	5.3.1.7.2	Not Tested		
4	Traffic Engineering	Required	5.3.1.7.3	Met ⁴		
	Availability	Required	5.3.1.7.6	Met ⁴		
	Redundancy	Required	5.3.1.7.7	Met ^{3, 4}		
	MPLS					
5	MPLS Requirements	Conditional	5.3.1.8.4.1	Not Tested		
	MPLS VPN Augmentation to VLANs	Conditional	5.3.1.8.4.2	Not Tested		
6	IPv6 Requirements					
6	Product Requirements	Required	5.3.5.4	Met		
7	Information Assurance		·			
,	Information Assurance	Required	5.4	Met ⁵		

NOTES

- 1. The annotation of 'required' refers to a high-level requirement category. The applicability of each sub-requirement is provided in Enclosure 3. The system under test does not need to provide conditional requirements. However, if a capability is provided, it must function according to the specified requirements in order to be certified for that capability.
- 2. The SUT must be configured in a stacked configuration to meet the requirements for core and distribution. The SUT may be configured in either a stacked or single-component configuration as a Layer 2/Layer 3 access switch.
- 3. This requirement was verified and met using simulated voice, video, and data traffic in an operational emulated environment to meet E2E requirements. The SUT must be deployed in accordance with deployment guide and engineering guidelines provided in UCR Change 3, paragraph 5.3.1.4.
- 4. This requirement was met with the following stipulations: It is the site's responsibility to configure the SUT in a manner which meets the engineering requirements listed in Section 11.2 d. of Enclosure 2 and that does not create a single point of failure which could impact more than 96 C2 users.
- 5. Security is tested by DISA-led Information Assurance test teams and the results published in a separate report, Reference (e).

Table 2-7. SUT CRs and FR Status (continued)

LEGEND: C2 Command and Control CR Capability Requirement NM Network Management DISA Defense Information Systems Agency POA&M Plan of Action and Milestones E2E End-to-End QoS Quality of Service FR **Functional Requirement RFC** Request For Comment IPSec Internet Protocol Security System Under Test SUT Internet Protocol version 6 Unified Capabilities Requirements IPv6 **UCR** LACP Link Aggregation Control Protocol **VLAN** Virtual Local Area Network MPLS Multiprotocol Label Switching VPN Virtual Private Network

- a. General Performance Parameters: Internet Protocol Version 4 (IPv4) and Internet Protocol version 6 (IPv6).
- (1) Performance Parameters IAW UCR 2008 Change 3, section 5.3.1.3. The SUT met the performance parameters depicted in the UCR 2008, Change 3 Section 5.3.1.3 with both testing and vendor's LoC. The SUT operated in the required 50 percent non-blocking mode on all interfaces for all Core and Distribution layers and 12.5 percent non-blocking for the Access layer.
- (2) Port Interface Rates. The UCR 2008, Change 3, section 5.3.1.3.1, states that Core and Distribution products shall minimally support 100 megabits per second (Mbps) in accordance with IEEE 802.3u and 1 gigabit per second (Gbps) IAW with IEEE 802.3z. Access products must minimally provide one of the following interface rates: 10 Mbps IAW IEEE 802.3i and j, 100 Mbps IAW IEEE 802.3u, and 1000 Mbps IAW IEEE 802.3z and 802.3ab. The SUT is certified as interoperable for joint use with other ASLAN components listed on the UC APL with the following interfaces: 10000/1000Base SX/LX and 10/100/1000BaseT. JITC tested all these interfaces with the exception of the 10BaseT interface. JITC analysis determined the 10BaseT interface is low risk for certification based on the vendor's LoC to comply with the IEEE 802.3i standard and the testing data collected at all other data rates. All the SUT interfaces linked up at the required rates and negotiated for the correct rates, which met this requirement.
- (3) Port Parameter Requirements. The UCR 2008, Change 3, section 5.3.1.3.2, states that core, distribution, and access products shall provide the following parameters on a per port basis: Auto-negotiation IAW IEEE 802.3, Force mode IAW IEEE 802.3, and Filtering IAW RFC 1812. Port parameters were configurable, and conformed to the requirements. The SUT met these requirements with both testing and the vendor's LoC.
- (4) Class of Service (CoS) Markings. The UCR 2008, Change 3, section 5.3.1.3.3, states that the SUT shall support Differentiated Services Code Points (DSCPs) for both IPv4 and IPv6 as shown in the sub-paragraphs below. The SUT met these requirements with both testing and the vendor's LoC.

- (a) Accept any packet tagged with a DSCP value (0-63) on an ingress port and assign that packet to a QoS behavior.
- (b) Accept any packet tagged with a DSCP value (0-63) on an ingress port and reassign that packet to any new DSCP value (0-63).
- (c) Support the prioritization of aggregate service classes with queuing according to QoS features.
- (5) Virtual Local Area Network (VLAN) Capabilities. The SUT met VLAN capabilities IAW UCR 2008, Change 3, section 5.3.1.3.4, with testing and the vendor's LoC. The VLAN markings were preserved on the SUT, VLAN tagged traffic was separated and managed according to IEEE 802.1q. The SUT successfully performed both port-based and address-based VLANs and can assign any VLAN tag any value 0 to 4095 which met this requirement.
- (6) Protocols. The SUT met all of the protocols IAW UCR 2008, Change 3, section 5.3.1.3.5 for IPv4 and section 5.3.5 for IPv6 with the vendor's LoC.
- (7) QoS Features. The UCR 2008, Change 3, section 5.3.1.3.6, states that the core, distribution, and access products shall be capable of providing a minimum of four queues, assign any "tagged" session to any of the queues, and support Differentiated Services per hop behaviors and traffic conditioning with an assigned bandwidth percentage per queue, and meet traffic conditioning requirements. The SUT QoS, which includes rate-shaping, met the requirements. The test equipment recorded that the higher prioritized traffic was properly queued above lower prioritized best effort traffic; therefore, the SUT met this requirement.
- (8) Network Monitoring. The UCR 2008, Change 3, section 5.3.1.3.7, states that core, distribution, and access products shall support network monitoring features. Network Monitoring via Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) was evaluated by the DISA-led IA team and published in a separate report, Reference (e). Based on this evaluation, the SUT met all requirements.
- (9) Security. The UCR 2008, Change 3, section 5.3.1.3.8, states that the core, distribution, and access products shall meet the security protocol requirements listed in UCR 2008, Change 3, section 5.4. Security testing is accomplished via DISA-led IA test teams and published in a separate report, Reference (e).
- b. End-to-End (E2E) Performance Requirements. These requirements were verified using simulated voice, video, and data traffic in an emulated operational environment. To meet E2E requirements the SUT must be deployed in accordance with deployment guide and engineering guidelines provided in UCR 2008, Change 3, section 5.3.1.4. Congested condition is defined as 100 percent of link capacities (as defined by baseline traffic engineering). E2E performance was evaluated in a heterogeneous configuration as depicted in Figure 2-3.

(1) Voice Services

- a. Latency. The UCR 2008, Change 3, section 5.3.1.4.1.1, states that latency shall not be more than 6 ms E2E across the ASLAN over any 5-minute measured period under congested conditions. The measured latency for the SUT was 1 ms, which met the requirement.
- b. Jitter. The UCR 2008, Change 3, section 5.3.1.4.1.2, states that when transporting voice IP packets, the E2E jitter shall not be more than 3 ms over any 5-minute measured period under congested conditions. The measured jitter for the SUT was 1 ms, which met the requirement.
- c. Packet Loss. The UCR 2008, Change 3, section 5.3.1.4.1.3, states that actual measured packet loss across the local area network (LAN) shall not exceed 0.045 percent within the defined queuing parameters. The packet loss requirement shall be achievable over any five-minute measured period under congested conditions. The measured packet loss for the SUT was 0.00 percent, which met the requirement.

(2) Video Services

- a. Latency. The UCR 2008, Change 3, section 5.3.1.4.2.1, states that latency shall not be more than 30 ms E2E across the ASLAN over any 5-minute period measured under congested conditions. The measured latency for the SUT was 1 ms, which met the requirement.
- b. Jitter. The UCR 2008, Change 3, section 5.3.1.4.2.2, states that when transporting voice IP packets E2E jitter shall not be more than 30 ms over any 5-minute measured period under congested conditions. The measured jitter for the SUT was 1 ms, which met the requirement.
- c. Packet Loss. The UCR 2008, Change 3, section 5.3.1.4.2.3, states that actual measured packet loss across the LAN shall not exceed 0.15 percent within the defined queuing parameters. The packet loss requirement shall be achievable over any five-minute measured period under congested conditions. The measured packet loss for the SUT was 0.00 percent, which met the requirement.

(3) Data Services

- a. Latency. The UCR 2008, Change 3, section 5.3.1.4.3.1, states that latency for prioritized data IP packets shall not be more than 45 ms E2E across the ASLAN over any 5-minute period as measured under congested conditions. The measured latency for the SUT was 1 ms, which met the requirement.
- b. Jitter. The UCR 2008, Change 3, section 5.3.1.4.3.2 states that there are no jitter requirements for preferred data IP packets.

- c. Packet Loss. The UCR 2008, Change 3, section 5.3.1.4.3.3, states that actual measured packet loss across the LAN shall not exceed 0.15 percent within the defined queuing parameters. The packet loss requirement shall be achievable over any five-minute measured period under congested conditions. The measured packet loss for the SUT was 0.00 percent, which met the requirement.
- c. Network Management (NM) Requirements. The NM requirements in the subparagraphs below were met by testing and the vendor's LoC and evaluated by IA under a separate report, Reference (e).
- (1) Configuration Control. IAW UCR 2008 Change 3, section 5.3.1.6.1, the SUT Network Management System (NMS) shall report configuration change events in near-real-time (NRT). The system shall report the success or failure of authorized configuration change attempts in NRT. NRT is defined as within five seconds of detecting the event, excluding transport time.
- (2) Operational Changes. IAW UCR 2008 Change 3, section 5.3.1.6.2, LAN infrastructure components must provide metrics to the NMS to allow them to make decisions on managing the network. The SUT NMS shall have an automated NM capability to obtain the status of networks and associated assets in NRT 99 percent of the time (with 99.9 percent as an Objective Requirement).
- (3) Performance Monitoring. IAW UCR 2008 Change 3, section 5.3.1.6.3, all LAN components shall be capable of providing status changes 99 percent of the time (with 99.9 percent as an Objective Requirement) by means of an automated capability in NRT. The SUT NMS will have an automated NM capability to obtain the status of networks and associated assets 99 percent of the time (with 99.9 percent as an Objective Requirement) within 5 seconds of detecting the event, excluding transport. The NMS shall collect statistics and monitor bandwidth utilization, delay, jitter, and packet loss.
- (4) Alarms. IAW UCR 2008 Change 3, section 5.3.1.6.4, all LAN components shall be capable of providing SNMP alarm indications to an NMS. The SUT NMS will have the NM capability to perform automated fault management of the network, to include problem detection, fault correction, fault isolation and diagnosis, problem tracking until corrective actions are completed, and historical archiving.
- (5) Reporting. IAW UCR 2008 Change 3, section 5.3.1.6.5, to accomplish Global Information Grid E2E situational awareness, an NMS will have the NM capability of automatically generating and providing an integrated/correlated presentation of network and all associated networks.
 - d. Engineering Requirements

- (1) Copper Media. IAW UCR 2008, Change 3, section 5.3.1.7.1, cabling used for the LAN shall not be lower than a Category 5 performance.
- (2) Wireless. The UCR 2008, Change 3, section 5.3.1.7.2, states that wireless LAN implementations are considered as extensions of the physical layer. If an ASLAN supports wireless, it must meet all of the applicable requirements of this section. The SUT does not support wireless and it is not covered under this certification.
- (3) Traffic Engineering. IAW UCR 2008, Change 3, section 5.3.1.7.3, bandwidth in the LAN shall be engineered so that Voice IP subscribers do not exceed more than 25 percent of available trunk bandwidth and no single point of failure within the ASLAN can cause a voice service outage to more than 96 users.
- (4) Availability. IAW UCR 2008 Change 3, section 5.3.1.7.6, system reliability must be engineered for 99.999 percent for FLASH/FLASH OVERRIDE users, 99.997 for IMMEDIATE/PRIORITY users in an ASLAN. ROUTINE users may be supported by a non-ASLAN with a reliability of only 99.9 percent. C2 users may not be supported by a non-ASLAN. It is the site responsibility to configure the SUT in a manner which meets the user requirement and that does not create a single point of failure which could impact more than 96 C2 users.
- (5) Redundancy. The UCR 2008, Change 3, sections 5.3.1.2.1, 5.3.1.7.7, 5.3.1.7.7.1, 5.3.1.7.7.2, state that ASLAN components can have no single point of failure for more than 96 users for C2 and Special C2 users. The UCR 2008, Change 3, section 5.3.1.7.7, states the following Redundancy requirements. Redundancy can be met if the product itself provides redundancy internally or a secondary product is added to the ASLAN to provide redundancy to the primary product. Single-product redundancy may be met with a modular chassis that at a minimum provides the following: dual power supplies, dual processers, termination sparing, redundancy protocol, no single point of failure, and switch fabric or backplane redundancy. In the event of a component failure in the network, all calls that are active shall not be disrupted (loss of existing connection requiring redialing) and the path through the network shall be restored within five seconds. If a secondary product has been added to provide redundancy to a primary product, the failover to the secondary product must meet the same requirements. Non-ASLAN components can have a single point of failure for C2(R) and non-C2 users. The SUT met all of these requirements. The SUT has a single Central Processing Unit (CPU), Switch Fabric, and redundant power supply resources. Therefore, it is certified for use in a redundant chassis configuration, where the SUT fails over to another chassis in the case of catastrophic failure. The SUT performed power supply failover with no loss. Device failover was performed with the measured loss lasting less than 300 ms for IPv4 and Internet Protocol version 6 (IPv6) traffic. Device failover was performed in less than five seconds for IPv4 traffic and IPv6 traffic when tested homogenously and heterogeneously with Hewlett-Packard.
- e. Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) Requirements. IAW UCR 2008 Change 3, section 5.3.1.7.8, MPLS may be used to improve the performance of the ASLAN core

layer for implementations covering a large geographical area. MPLS, which is a conditional requirement, was not evaluated and is not covered under this certification.

- f. IPv6 Requirements. All UC products must meet the IPv6 requirements IAW UCR 2008, Change 3, section 5.3.5.4. IPv6 requirements were met by testing and the vendor's LoC. The SUT was tested and certified for joint use with IPv6 voice, video, and data traffic.
- **11.3 Information Assurance (IA).** Security testing is accomplished via DISA-led IA test teams and published in a separate report, Reference (e).

11.4 Other. None

12. TEST AND ANALYSIS REPORT. No detailed test report was developed in accordance with the Program Manager's request. JITC distributes interoperability information via the JITC Electronic Report Distribution (ERD) system, which uses Unclassified-But-Sensitive Internet Protocol Router Network (NIPRNet) e-mail. More comprehensive interoperability status information is available via the JITC System Tracking Program (STP). The STP is accessible by .mil/gov users on the NIPRNet at https://stp.fhu.disa.mil. Test reports, lessons learned, and related testing documents and references are on the JITC Joint Interoperability Tool (JIT) at http://jit.fhu.disa.mil (NIPRNet). Information related to DSN testing is on the Telecom Switched Services Interoperability (TSSI) website at http://jitc.fhu.disa.mil/tssi. Due to the sensitivity of the information, the Information Assurance Accreditation Package (IAAP) that contains the approved configuration and deployment guide must be requested directly through government civilian or uniformed military personnel from the Unified Capabilities Certification Office (UCCO), e-mail: disa.meade.ns.list.unified-capabilities-certification-office@mail.mil.

SYSTEM FUNCTIONAL AND CAPABILITY REQUIREMENTS

The Assured Services Local Area Networks (ASLAN) components have required and conditional features and capabilities that are established by Section 5.3.1 of the Unified Capabilities Requirements (UCR). The system under test does not need to provide conditional requirements. However, if a capability is provided, it must function according to the specified requirements in order to be certified for that capability. The detailed Functional requirements (FR) and Capability Requirements (CR) for ASLAN products are listed in Table 3-1. Detailed Information Assurance (IA) requirements are included in Reference (e).

Table 3-1. ASLAN Products CRs and FRs

ID		Requirement (See note.)	UCR Reference
	ASI AN compone	ents can have no single point of failure for >96 users for C2 and Special C2 users. Non-	5.3.1.2.1,
1		ents can have a single point of failure for C2(R) and non-C2 users. (R)	5.3.1.7.7
2	Non-blocking of a	any voice or video traffic at 50% Core/Distribution (R), 12.5% Non-Blocking Access. (R)	5.3.1.3
3		s of voice jitter for all ASLAN components,10 ms for video. (R)	5.3.1.3
4		15% voice, 0.05% video, and 0.05% Preferred Data packet loss. (R)	5.3.1.3
5		s latency for voice, 10 ms for video. (R)	5.3.1.3
6	100 Mbps IAW IE and one of: 10 M for access layer of support RFC 433	EEE 802.3u and 1 Gbps IAW IEEE 802.3z for core and distribution layer components //Ibps IAW IEEE 802.3i/j, 100 Mbps IAW IEEE 802.3u, 1000 Mbps IAW IEEE 803.3z/ab components. (R) May provide Fiber Channel IAW INCITS T11.2/3, but if provided, must 88 and RFC 4044. (C)	5.3.1.3.1
7	Force mode and 802.3x. (R)	auto-negotiation IAW IEEE 802.3, filtering IAW RFC 1812, and flow control IAW IEEE	5.3.1.3.2
8		Auto-negotiation IAW IEEE 802.3. (R)	
9		Force mode IAW IEEE 802.3. (R)	
10		Flow control IAW IEEE 802.3x. (R)	
11		Filtering IAW RFC 1812. (R)	
12		Link Aggregation IAW IEEE 802.3AX (output/egress ports only). (R)	
13	Port	Spanning Tree Protocol IAW IEEE 802.1D. (R)	
14	Parameter	Multiple Spanning Tree IAW IEEE 802.1s. (R)	5.3.1.3.2
15	Requirements	Rapid Reconfiguration of Spanning Tree IAW IEEE 802.1w. (R)	0.0.1.0.2
16	rioquiiomonio	Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP) IAW IEEE 802.1AB. Core and Distribution (C) Access (R)	
17		Link Layer Discovery- Media Endpoint Discovery IAW ANSI/TIA-1057. Core and Distribution (C) Access (R)	
18		Power over Ethernet IAW either 802.3af-2003 or 802.3at-2009. (R)	
19	802.1Q 2-byte TC		5.3.1.3.3
20		es IAW IEEE 802.1Q. (R)	5.3.1.3.4
		SR profile (IPv4 and IPv6). IPv4 (R: LAN Switch, Layer 2 Switch): IPv6 (R: LAN Switch, C:	
21	Layer 2 Switch). queue packets ba Table 5.3.1-4.	Note: Layer 2 switch is required to support only RFCs 2460, 5095, 2464, and be able to ased on DSCPs in accordance with RFC 2474. Must conform to UCR 2008, Change 3,	5.3.1.3.5
22		Shall support minimum of 4 queues. (R)	
23		Must be able to assign VLAN tagged packets to a queue. (R)	
24	QoS Features	Support DSCP PHBs per RFCs 2474, 2597, 3140, and 3246. (R: LAN Switch).	5.3.1.3.6
25	300 i dataios	Support RFCs in Table 5.3.1-5, FIFO 3670 (C), and one of the following RFCs: WFQ 3662, CQ 3670, PQ 1046 and CB-WFQ 3366. (R)	0.0.1.0.0
26		Must be able to assign a bandwidth or percent of traffic to any queue. (R)	
27		SNMP IAW RFCs 3411, 3412, 3413, 3414, 3415, 3416 and 3417. (R)	
28	Notwork	SNMP traps IAW RFC 1215. (R)	
29	Network Monitoring	Remote monitoring IAW RFC 2819 and Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) Cipher Algorithm in the SNMP User-based Security Model IAW RFC 3826. (R)	5.3.1.3.7
30		Coexistence between Version 1, Version 2, and Version 3 of the Internet-standard Network Management Framework IAW RFC 3584 (R)	
31	Product Requirer	nents Summary IAW UCR 2008, Change 3, Table 5.3.1-5. (R)	5.3.1.3.9

Table 3-1. ASLAN Products CRs and FRs (continued)

ID	Requirement (See note.)					
	_	No more than 6 ms latency over any 5-minute period measured under congestion. (R)	Reference			
	E2E	No more than 3 ms jitter over any 5-minute period measured under congestion. (R)				
32	Performance	Packet loss not to exceed 0.045% engineered (queuing) parameters over any 5-minute	5.3.1.4.1			
	(Voice)	period under congestion. (R)				
	F0F	No more than 30 ms latency over any 5-minute period measured under congestion. (R)				
00	E2E	No more than 30 ms jitter over any 5-minute period measured under congestion. (R)	50440			
33	Performance (Video)	Packet loss not to exceed engineered 0.15% (queuing) parameters over any 5-minute	5.3.1.4.2			
	(video)	period under congestion. (R)				
	E2E	No more than 45 ms latency over any 5-minute period measured under congestion (R)				
34	Performance	Packet loss not to exceed 0.15% engineered (queuing) parameters over any 5-minute	5.3.1.4.3			
	(Data)	period under congestion. (R)				
35		Configuration Control for ASLAN and non-ASLAN. (R)	5.3.1.6.1			
36	LAN Network	Operational Controls for ASLAN and non-ASLAN. (R)	5.3.1.6.2			
37	Management	Performance Monitoring for ASLAN and non-ASLAN. (R)	5.3.1.6.3			
38	Managomont	Alarms for ASLAN and non-ASLAN. (R)	5.3.1.6.4			
39		Reporting for ASLAN and non-ASLAN. (R)	5.3.1.6.5			
40		Redundant Power Supplies. (Required on standalone redundant products.)				
41		Chassis Failover. (Required on standalone redundant products.)				
42		Switch Fabric Failover. (Required on standalone redundant products.)				
43	Redundancy	Non-LACP Link Failover.(R)	5.3.1.7.7			
44		Fiber Blade Failover. (R)				
45		Stack Failover. (C) (Required if the stack supports more than 96 users.)				
46		CPU (routing engine) blade Failover. (R)				
47	MDLO	MPLS may not add measurable loss or jitter to system. (C)	5.3.1.8.4.1			
48	MPLS	MPLS conforms to RFCs in UCR 2008, Change 3, Table 5.3.1-14. (C)	5.3.1.8.4.1			
49	ID. C Draduat Da	MPLS Support L2 and L3 VPNs. (C)	5.3.1.8.4.2.1/2			
50	supported. (C)	quirements: Dual Stack for IPv4 and IPv6 IAW RFC 4213 if routing functions are	5.3.5.4			
51		Support IPv6 IAW RFCs 2460 and 5095 if routing functions are supported. (C)	5.3.5.4			
52		Support IPv6 packets over Ethernet IAW RFC 2464. (R)	5.3.5.4			
53		Support MTU discovery IAW RFC 1981 if routing functions are supported. (C)	5.3.5.4.1			
54		Support a minimum MTU of 1280 IAW RFCs 2460 and 5095. (R)	5.3.5.4.1			
55	IPv6 System	Shall not use the Flow Label field as described in RFC 2460. (R)	5.3.5.4.2			
56	Requirements	Shall be capable of setting the Flow Label field when forwarding packets. (R)	5.3.5.4.2			
57	'	Shall be capable of ignoring the Flow Label field when receiving packets. (R)	5.3.5.4.2			
58		Shall support IPv6 addresses IAW RFC 4291. (R)	5.3.5.4.3			
59		Shall support IPv6 scoped address IAW RFC 4007. (R)	5.3.5.4.3			
60		if routing functions are supported: If DHCP is supported must be IAW RFC 3315, if DHCPv6 is supported it shall be IAW RFC 3313. (C)	5.3.5.4.4			
		If the system supports routing functions, the system shall inspect valid router				
		advertisements sent by other routers and verify that the routers are advertising				
61		consistent information on a link and shall log any inconsistent router advertisements,				
		and shall prefer routers that are reachable over routers whose reachability is suspect or				
	IPv6 Router	unknown (C).	5.3.5.4.5.2			
	Advertise-	If the system supports routing functions, the system shall include the MTU value in the				
62	ments	router advertisement message for all links in accordance with RFC 2461 and RFC				
		4861. (C) IPv6 Neighbor Discovery: The system shall not set the override flag bit in the neighbor				
62						
63		advertisement message for solicited advertisements for anycast addresses or solicited proxy advertisements. (R)				
64		if routing functions are supported: Neighbor discovery IAW RFCs 2461 and 4861. (C)				
J-		The system shall not set the override flag bit in the neighbor advertisement message				
65		for solicited advertisements for anycast addresses or solicited proxy advertisements.				
	IPv6 Neighbor	(R)	5.3.5.4.5			
	Discovery	The system shall set the override flag bit in the neighbor advertisement message to "1"				
66		if the message is not an anycast address or a unicast address for which the system is				
		providing proxy service. (R)				

Table 3-1. ASLAN Products CRs and FRs (continued)

ID		Requirement (See note.)	UCR Reference
67		If the system supports stateless IP address Auto-configuration, the system shall support IPv6 SLAAC for interfaces supporting UC functions in accordance with RFC 4862. (C)	
68		If the product supports IPv6 SLAAC, the product shall have a configurable parameter that allows the function to be enabled and disabled. (C)	
69	IPv6 SLAAC and Manual Address	If the product supports IPv6 SLAAC, the product shall have a configurable parameter that allows the "managed address configuration" flag and the "other stateful configuration" flag to always be set and not perform stateless auto-configuration. (C)	5.3.5.4.6
70	Assignment	If the product supports stateless IP address auto-configuration including those provided for the commercial market, the DAD shall be disabled in accordance with RFC 4862. (C)	
71		The system shall support manual assignment of IPv6 addresses. (R)	
72		If the system provides routing functions, the system shall default to using the "managed address configuration" flag and the "other stateful flag" set to TRUE in their router advertisements when stateful auto-configuration is implemented. (C)	
73		The system shall support the ICMPv6 as described in RFC 4443. (R)	
74		The system shall have a configurable rate limiting parameter for rate limiting the forwarding of ICMP messages. (R)	
75	IPv6 ICMP	The system shall support the capability to enable or disable the ability of the system to generate a Destination Unreachable message in response to a packet that cannot be delivered to its destination for reasons other than congestion. (R) Required if LS supports routing functions.	5.3.5.4.7
76		The system shall support the enabling or disabling of the ability to send an Echo Reply message in response to an Echo Request message sent to an IPv6 multicast or anycast address (C). Required if LS supports routing functions.	
77		The system shall validate ICMPv6 messages, using the information contained in the payload, prior to acting on them. (C) Required if LS supports routing functions.	
78		If the system supports routing functions, the system shall support the OSPF for IPv6 as described in RFC 5340. (C) This replaces RFC 2740.	
79		If the system supports routing functions, the system shall support securing OSPF with IPSec as described for other IPSec instances in UCR 2008, Change 3, Section 5.4. (C)	
80	IPv6 Routing Functions	If the system supports routing functions, the system shall support OSPF for IPv6 as described in RFC 2740, router to router integrity using IP authentication header with HMAC-SHA1-128 with ESP and AH as described in RFC 4302 (IA superseding requirement), shall support OSPFv3 IAW RFC 4552. (C)	5.3.5.4.8
81		If the system supports routing functions, the system shall support the Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) process as described in RFC 2710 and extended in RFC 3810 and RFC 2711. (C)	
82	IPv6 Network	If nodes are managed via SNMP it shall use MIBs in conformance with RFC 4293. (R)	5.3.4.4.10/ 5.3.2.17.3.1.5
83	Management	If the product performs routing functions and is managed by SNMP, the product shall support the IP Forwarding MIB as defined in RFC 4292. (R)	5.3.4.4.10
84		Engineering Requirements: Physical Media for ASLAN and non-ASLAN. (R) (Site requirement)	5.3.1.7.1
85		Wireless. (C)	5.3.1.7.2
86 87	Site	Traffic Engineering. (R) VLAN Design and configuration. (R)	5.3.1.7.3 5.3.1.7.4
88	Requirements	Battery Back up 2 hours for non-ASLAN components and 8 hours for ASLAN components. (R) (Site requirement)	5.3.1.7.5
89		Availability of 99.999 percent (Special C2), and 99.997 percent (C2) for ASLAN (R), and 99.9 percent (non-C2 and C2(R) for non-ASLAN. (R) (Site requirement)	5.3.1.7.6
90		Port-Based Access Control IAW IEEE 802.1x. (R)	5.3.1.3.2
91	IA Security	Secure methods for network configuration. SSH2 instead of Telnet and support RFCs 4251-4254. Must use HTTPS instead of http, and support RFCs 2660 and 2818 for ASLAN and non-ASLAN. (R)	5.3.1.6
92	requirements	IPSec Shall be IAW RFC 4301. (R if IPSec is supported)	5.3.1.3.8/ 5.3.5.4.9
93		Must meet IA requirements IAW UCR 2008, Change 3, Section 5.4 for ASLAN and non-ASLAN. (R)	5.3.1.5

Table 3-1. ASLAN Products CRs and FRs (continued)

LEGEND	:				
AH	Authentication Header	Gbps	Gigabits per second	MIB	Management Information Base
ANSI	American National Standards Institute	HMAC	Hash-based Message Authentication Code	MPLS ms	Multiprotocol Label Switching millisecond
ASLAN	Assured Services Local Area	HTTP	Hypertext Transfer	MTU	Maximum Transmission Unit
	Network		Protocol	OSPF	Open Shortest Path First
С	Conditional	HTTPS	Hyper Text Transfer	OSPFv3	Open Shortest Path First Version
C2	Command and Control		Protocol, Secure		3
C2(R)	Command and Control	IA	Information Assurance	PHB	Per Hop Behavior
	ROUTINE only	IAW	in accordance with	PQ	Priority Queuing
CB-WFQ	Class Based-Weighted Fair	ICMP	Internet Control Message	QoS	Quality of Service
	Queuing		Protocol	R	Required
CPU	Central Processing Unit	ICMPv6	Internet Control Message	RFC	Request for Comments
CQ	Custom Queuing		Protocol for IPv6	SLAAC	Stateless Auto Address
DAD	Duplicate Address Detection	ID	Identification		Configuration
DHCP	Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol	IEEE	Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers	SNMP	Simple Network Management Protocol
DHCPv6	Dynamic Host Configuration	ΙΡ	Internet Protocol	SSH2	Secure Shell Version 2
	Protocol for IPv6	IPSec	Internet Protocol Security	SUT	System Under Test
DISR	Department of Defense	IPv4	Internet Protocol version 4	TCI	Tag Control Information
	Information Technology	IPv6	Internet Protocol version 6	TIA	Telecommunications Industry
	Standards Registry	L2	Layer 2		Association
DSCP	Differentiated Services Code	L3	Layer 3	UC	Unified Capabilities
	Point	LACP	Link Aggregation Control	UCR	Unified Capabilities
E2E	End-to-End		Protocol		Requirements
ESP	Encapsulating Security	LAN	Local Area Network	VLAN	Virtual Local Area Network
	Payload	LS	LAN Switch	VPN	Virtual Private Network
FIFO	First-in First-out	Mbps	Megabits per second	WFQ	Weighted Fair Queuing